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HIGHLIGHTS OF THE UNION BUDGET 2023-24

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The Union Minister of Finance and Corporate Affairs Smt. Nirmala Sitharaman presented the Union Budget 2023-24 in Parliament. The highlights of the Budget are as follows.

Key Highlights of Budget 2023-24

In the 75th year of India's Independence, the World has recognized the Indian Economy as a 'bright star' as the Economic Growth is estimated at 7 per cent, which is the highest among all major economies, in spite of the massive global slowdown caused by COVID-19 and Russia-Ukraine War

This Budget hopes to build on the foundation laid in the previous Budget, and the blueprint drawn for India@100, which envisions a prosperous and inclusive India, where the fruits of development reach all regions and citizens, especially our youth, women, farmers, OBCs, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

Resilience amidst multiple crises

India's rising global profile is due to several accomplishments like unique World Class Digital Public Infrastructure namely, Aadhaar, Co-Win and UPI; COVID-19 vaccination drive in unparalleled scale and speed; proactive role in frontier areas such as achieving the climate related goals, mission LiFE, and National Hydrogen Mission.

During the Covid-19 pandemic, Government ensured that no one goes to bed hungry, with a scheme to supply free food grains to over 80 Crore persons for 28 months.

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Continuing with Centre's commitment to ensure food and nutritional security, Government is implementing, from 1st January 2023, a scheme to supply free food grain to all Antyodaya and priority households for the next one year, under PM Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana (PMGKAY). The entire expenditure of about Rs 2 lakh crore will be borne by the Central Government.

G20 Presidency: Steering the global agenda through challenges

In these times of global challenges; the G20 Presidency gives India a unique opportunity to strengthen its role in the world economic order. With the theme of 'Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam', India is steering an ambitious, people-centric agenda to address global challenges, and to facilitate sustainable economic development, she added.

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Achievements Since 2014

From 10th To 5th Largest Economy In
The World Within 9 Years



- ✓ **11.7 Cr household toilets** under Swachh Bharat Mission
- ✓ **9.6 Cr LPG connections** under Ujjawala Yojana
- ✓ **220 Cr Covid vaccinations** of 102 crore persons
- ✓ **47.8 Cr bank accounts** under PM Jan Dhan Yojana
- ✓ **44.6 crore persons covered** under PM Suraksha Bima and PM Jeevan Jyoti Yojana
- ✓ **2.2 Lakh Cr cash transferred** to over 11.4 crore farmers under PM Kisan Samman Nidhi
- ✓ **Per capita income more than doubled** to **Rs 1.97 lakh**



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Achievements since 2014: Leaving no one behind

The government's efforts since 2014 have ensured for all citizens a better quality of living and a life of dignity and the per capita income has more than doubled to Rs 1.97 lakh.

In these nine 9 years, the Indian economy has increased in size from being 10th to 5th largest in the world.

Moreover, the economy has become a lot more formalized as reflected in the EPFO membership, more than doubling to 27 crore, and 7,400 crore digital payments of Rs 126 lakh crore through UPI in 2022.

The efficient implementation of many schemes, with universalisation of targeted benefits, has resulted in inclusive development and listed some of the schemes such as 11.7 crore household toilets under Swachh Bharat Mission, 9.6 crore LPG connections under Ujjawala, 220 crore Covid vaccinations of 102 crore persons, 47.8 crore PM Jan

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Dhan Bank Accounts, Insurance cover for 44.6 crore persons under PM Suraksha Bima and PM Jeevan Jyoti Yojana, and Cash transfer of Rs 2.2 lakh crore to over 11.4 crore farmers under PM Kisan Samman Nidhi.

Vision for Amrit Kaal – an empowered and inclusive economy



Vision For Amrit Kaal

Empowered & Inclusive Economy

- ✓ Opportunities for Citizens with focus on Youth
- ✓ Growth in Job Creation
- ✓ Strong and Stable Macro-Economic Environment



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Our vision for the Amrit Kaal includes technology-driven and knowledge-based economy with strong public finances, and a robust financial sector and to achieve this, Jan Bhagidari through Sabka Saath Sabka Prayas is essential.

The economic agenda for achieving this vision focuses on three things and those are facilitating ample opportunities for citizens, especially the youth, to fulfill their aspirations, secondly, providing strong impetus to growth and job creation and finally to strengthen macro-economic stability.

To service these focus areas in our journey to India@100, the following four opportunities can be transformative during Amrit Kaal-

1. **Economic Empowerment of Women:** Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana National Rural Livelihood Mission has achieved remarkable success by mobilizing rural women into 81 lakh Self Help Groups and we will enable these groups to reach the next stage of economic empowerment through formation of large producer

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enterprises or collectives with each having several thousand members and managed professionally.

2. **PM Vishwakarma KAushal Samman (PM VIKAS):**For centuries, traditional artisans and craftspeople, who work with their hands using tools, have brought renown for India and they are generally referred to as Vishwakarma. The art and handicraft created by them represents the true spirit of Atmanirbhar Bharat.

For the first time, a package of assistance for them has been conceptualized and the new scheme will enable them to improve the quality, scale and reach of their products, integrating them with the MSME value chain.

The components of the scheme will include not only financial support but also access to advanced skill training, knowledge of modern digital techniques and efficient green technologies, brand promotion, linkage with local and global markets, digital payments, and social security. This will greatly benefit the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, OBCs, women and people belonging to the weaker sections.

1. **Tourism:**The country offers immense attraction for domestic as well as foreign tourists, as there is a large potential to be tapped in tourism. The sector holds huge opportunities for jobs and entrepreneurship for youth in particular and emphasized that promotion of tourism will be taken up on mission mode, with active participation of states, convergence of government programmes and public-private partnerships.
2. **Green Growth:** Dwelling on the subject of Green Growth, India is implementing many programmes for green fuel, green energy, green farming, green mobility, green buildings, and green equipment, and policies for efficient use of energy across various economic sectors. These green growth efforts help in reducing carbon intensity of the economy and provides for largescale green job opportunities

Priorities of this Budget

Finance minister listed seven priorities of the Union Budget and said that they complement each other and act as the 'Saptarishi' guiding us through the Amrit Kaal. They are as follows:



- 1) Inclusive Development
- 2) Reaching the Last Mile
- 3) Infrastructure and Investment
- 4) Unleashing the Potential
- 5) Green Growth
- 6) Youth Power
- 7) Financial Sector

Key initiatives taken under the budget

Atmanirbhar Clean Plant Program with an outlay of ₹2200 crore to be launched to boost availability of disease-free, quality planting material for high value horticultural crops.

157 new nursing colleges to be established in co-location with the existing 157 medical colleges established since 2014.

Centre to recruit 38,800 teachers and support staff for the 740 Eklavya Model Residential Schools, serving 3.5 lakh tribal students over the next three years.

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Outlay for **PM Awas Yojana** is being enhanced by 66% to over Rs. 79,000 crore.

Capital outlay of Rs. 2.40 lakh crore has been provided for the Railways, which is the highest ever outlay and about nine times the outlay made in 2013-14.

Urban Infrastructure Development Fund (UIDF) will be established through use of priority Sector Lending shortfall, which will be managed by the national Housing Bank, and will be used by public agencies to create urban infrastructure in Tier 2 and Tier 3 cities.

Entity DigiLocker to be setup for use by MSMEs, large business and charitable trusts to store and share documents online securely.

100 labs to be setup for 5G services based application development to realize a new range of opportunities, business models, and employment potential

500 new 'waste to wealth' plants under **GOBARdhan** (Galvanizing Organic Bio-Agro Resources Dhan) scheme to be established for promoting circular economy at total investment of Rs 10,000 crore. 5 per cent compressed biogas mandate to be introduced for all organizations marketing natural and bio gas.

Centre to facilitate one crore farmers to adopt natural farming over the next three years. For this, 10,000 **Bio-Input Resource Centres** to be set-up, creating a national-level distributed micro-fertilizer and pesticide manufacturing network.

Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana 4.0, to be launched to skill lakhs of youth within the next three years covering new age courses for Industry 4.0 like coding, AI, robotics, mechatronics, IOT, 3D printing, drones, and soft skills.

30 **Skill India International Centres** to be set up across different States to skill youth for international opportunities.

Revamped credit guarantee scheme for MSMEs to take effect from 1st April 2023 through infusion of Rs 9,000 crore in the corpus. This scheme would enable additional collateral-free guaranteed credit of Rs 2 lakh crore and also reduce the cost of the credit by about 1 per cent.

Central Processing Centre to be setup for faster response to companies through centralized handling of various forms filed with field offices under the Companies Act.

The maximum deposit limit for Senior Citizen Savings Scheme to be enhanced from Rs 15 lakh to Rs 30 lakh.

Agriculture Accelerator Fund to be set-up to encourage agri-startups by young entrepreneurs in rural areas.

To make India a global hub for '*Shree Anna*', the Indian Institute of Millet Research, Hyderabad will be supported as the Centre of Excellence for sharing best practices, research and technologies at the international level.

₹20 lakh crore agricultural credit targeted at animal husbandry, dairy and fisheries

A new **sub-scheme of PM Matsya Sampada Yojana** with targeted investment of ₹6,000 crore to be launched to further enable activities of fishermen, fish vendors, and micro & small enterprises, improve value chain efficiencies, and expand the market.

Digital public infrastructure for agriculture to be built as an open source, open standard and inter operable public good to enable inclusive farmer centric solutions and support for growth of agri-tech industry and start-ups.

Computerisation of 63,000 Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS) with an investment of ₹2,516 crore initiated.

Massive decentralised storage capacity to be set up to help farmers store their produce and realize remunerative prices through sale at appropriate times. **Sickle Cell Anaemia elimination mission** to be launched.

Joint public and Private Medical research to be encouraged via select ICMR labs for encouraging collaborative research and innovation. New Programme to promote research in Pharmaceuticals to be launched.

Rs. 10 lakh crore capital investment, a steep increase of 33% for third year in a row, to enhance growth potential and job creation, crowd-in private investments, and provide a cushion against global headwinds.

Aspirational Blocks Programme covering 500 blocks launched for saturation of essential government services across multiple domains such as health, nutrition, education, agriculture, water resources, financial inclusion, skill development, and basic infrastructure.

Rs. 15,000 crore for implementation of **Pradhan Mantri PVTG Development Mission** over the next three years under the Development Action Plan for the Scheduled Tribes.

Investment of Rs. 75,000 crore, including Rs. 15,000 crore from private sources, for one hundred critical transport infrastructure projects, for last and first mile connectivity for ports, coal, steel, fertilizer, and food grains sectors.

New Infrastructure Finance Secretariat established to enhance opportunities for private investment in infrastructure. **District Institutes of Education and Training** to be developed as vibrant institutes of excellence for Teachers' Training.

A National **Digital Library for Children and Adolescents** to be set-up for facilitating availability of quality books across geographies, languages, genres and levels, and device agnostic accessibility.

Rs. 5,300 crore to be given as central assistance to **Upper Bhadra Project** to provide sustainable micro irrigation and filling up of surface tanks for drinking water.

'Bharat Shared Repository of Inscriptions' to be set up in a digital epigraphy museum, with digitization of one lakh ancient inscriptions in the first stage.

'Effective Capital Expenditure' of Centre to be Rs. 13.7 lakh crore.

Continuation of 50-year interest free loan to state governments for one more year to spur investment in infrastructure and to incentivize them for complementary policy actions.

Encouragement to states and cities to undertake urban planning reforms and actions to transform our cities into 'sustainable cities of tomorrow'.

Transition from manhole to machine-hole mode by enabling all cities and towns to undertake 100 percent mechanical desludging of septic tanks and sewers.

iGOT Karmayogi, an integrated online training platform, launched to provide continuous learning opportunities for lakhs of government employees to upgrade their skills and facilitate people-centric approach.

More than 39,000 compliances reduced and more than 3,400 legal provisions decriminalized to enhance Ease Of Doing Business.

Jan Vishwas Bill to amend 42 Central Acts have been introduced to further trust-based governance.

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Three centres of excellence for Artificial Intelligence to be set-up in top educational institutions to realise the vision of “***Make AI in India and Make AI work for India***”.

National Data Governance Policy to be brought out to unleash innovation and research by start-ups and academia.

One stop solution for reconciliation and updation of identity and address of individuals to be established using DigiLocker service and Aadhaar as foundational identity.

PAN will be used as the common identifier for all digital systems of specified government agencies to bring in Ease of Doing Business.

95 per cent of the forfeited amount relating to bid or performance security, will be returned to MSME's by government and government undertakings in cases the MSME's failed to execute contracts during Covid period.

Result Based Financing to better allocate scarce resources for competing development needs.

Phase-3 of the E-Courts project to be launched with an outlay of Rs. 7,000 crore for efficient administration of justice.

R & D grant for Lab Grown Diamonds (LGD) sector to encourage indigenous production of LGD seeds and machines and to reduce import dependency.

Annual production of 5 MMT under **Green Hydrogen Mission** to be targeted by 2030 to facilitate transition of the economy to low carbon intensity and to reduce dependence on fossil fuel imports.

₹35000 crore outlay for energy security, energy transition and net zero objectives.

Battery energy storage systems to be promoted to steer the economy on the sustainable development path.

20,700 crore outlay provided for renewable energy grid integration and evacuation from Ladakh.

“PM Programme for Restoration, Awareness, Nourishment and Amelioration of Mother Earth” (PM-PRANAM) to be launched to incentivize States and Union Territories to promote alternative fertilizers and balanced use of chemical fertilizers.

‘Mangrove Initiative for Shoreline Habitats & Tangible Incomes’, MISHTI, to be taken up for mangrove plantation along the coastline and on salt pan lands, through convergence between MGNREGS, CAMPA Fund and other sources.

Green Credit Program to be notified under the Environment (Protection) Act to incentivize and mobilize additional resources for environmentally sustainable and responsive actions.

Amrit Dharohar scheme to be implemented over the next three years to encourage optimal use of wetlands, enhance bio-diversity, carbon stock, eco-tourism opportunities and income generation for local communities.

A unified Skill India Digital platform to be launched for enabling demand-based formal skilling, linking with employers including MSMEs, and facilitating access to entrepreneurship schemes.

Direct Benefit Transfer under a pan-India National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme to be rolled out to provide stipend support to 47 lakh youth in three years.

At least 50 tourist destinations to be selected through challenge mode; to be developed as a complete package for domestic and foreign tourists.

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Sector specific skilling and entrepreneurship development to be dovetailed to achieve the objectives of the ‘**Dekho Apna Desh**’ initiative.

Tourism infrastructure and amenities to be facilitated in border villages through the **Vibrant Villages Programme**.

States to be encouraged to set up a **Unity Mall** for promotion and sale of their own and also all others states’ **ODOPs (One District, One Product)**, GI products and handicrafts.

National Financial Information Registry to be set up to serve as the central repository of financial and ancillary information for facilitating efficient flow of credit, promoting financial inclusion, and fostering financial stability. A new legislative framework to be designed in consultation with RBI to govern this credit public infrastructure.

Financial sector regulators to carry out a comprehensive review of existing regulations in consultation with public and regulated entities. Time limits to decide the applications under various regulations would also be laid down.

To enhance business activities in GIFT IFSC, the following measures to be taken

Delegating powers under the SEZ Act to IFSCA to avoid dual regulation.

Setting up a single window IT system for registration and approval from IFSCA, SEZ authorities, GSTN, RBI, SEBI and IRDAI.

Permitting acquisition financing by IFSC Banking Units of foreign bank.

Establishing a subsidiary of EXIM Bank for trade re-financing.

Amending IFSCA Act for statutory provisions for arbitration, ancillary services, and avoiding dual regulation under SEZ Act

Recognizing offshore derivative instruments as valid contracts.

Amendments proposed to the Banking Regulation Act, the Banking Companies Act and the Reserve of India Act to improve bank governance and enhance investors’ protection.

Countries looking for digital continuity solutions would be facilitated for setting up of their Data Embassies in GIFT IFSC.

SEBI to be empowered to develop, regulate, maintain and enforce norms and standards for education in the National Institute of Securities Markets and to recognize award of degrees, diplomas and certificates.

Integrated IT portal to be established to enable investors to easily reclaim the unclaimed shares and unpaid dividends from the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority.

To commemorate Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav, a one-time new small savings scheme, **Mahila Samman Savings Certificate** to be launched. It will offer deposit facility upto Rs 2 lakh in the name of women or girls for tenure of 2 years (up to March 2025) at fixed interest rate of 7.5 per cent with partial withdrawal option.

The maximum deposit limit for Monthly Income Account Scheme to be enhanced from Rs 4.5 lakh to Rs 9 lakh for single account and from Rs 9 lakh to Rs 15 lakh for joint account.

The entire fifty-year interest free loan to states to be spent on capital expenditure within 2023-24. Part of the loan is conditional on States increasing actual Capital expenditure and parts of outlay will be linked to States undertaking specific loans. Fiscal Deficit of 3.5% of GSDP allowed for States of which 0.5% is tied to Power sector reforms.



Revised Estimates 2022-23:

The total receipts other than borrowings is Rs 24.3 lakh crore, of which the net tax receipts are Rs 20.9 lakh crore

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The total expenditure is Rs 41.9 lakh crore, of which the capital expenditure is about Rs 7.3 lakh crore.

The fiscal deficit is 6.4 per cent of GDP, adhering to the Budget Estimate.

Budget Estimates 2023-24:

The total receipts other than borrowings is estimated at Rs 27.2 lakh crore and the total expenditure is estimated at Rs 45 lakh crore.

The net tax receipts are estimated at Rs 23.3 lakh crore.

The fiscal deficit is estimated to be 5.9 per cent of GDP.

To finance the fiscal deficit in 2023-24, the net market borrowings from dated securities are estimated at Rs 11.8 lakh crore.

The gross market borrowings are estimated at Rs 15.4 lakh crore.

Proposal for Direct Taxes

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Direct Tax proposals aim to maintain **continuity and stability** of taxation, further **simplify and rationalise** various provisions to **reduce the compliance burden**, promote the **entrepreneurial spirit** and provide tax relief to citizens.

Constant endeavour of the Income Tax Department to improve Tax Payers Services by making **compliance easy and smooth**.

To further improve tax payer services, proposal to roll out a next-generation **Common IT Return Form** for tax payer convenience, along with plans to strengthen the grievance redressal mechanism.

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Rebate limit

of Personal Income Tax to be **increased to Rs. 7 lakh** from the current Rs. 5 lakh in the new tax regime.

Thus, persons in the new tax regime, with income up to Rs. 7 lakh to not pay any tax.

Tax structure in new personal income tax regime, introduced in 2020 with six income slabs, to change by reducing the **number of slabs to five** and **increasing the tax exemption limit to Rs. 3 lakh**. Change to provide major relief to all tax payers in the new regime

Proposal to **extend the benefit of standard deduction** of Rs. 50,000 to salaried individual, and deduction from family pension up to Rs. 15,000, in the new tax regime.

Highest surcharge rate to reduce from 37 per cent to 25 per cent in the new tax regime. This to further result in reduction of the maximum personal income tax rate to 39 per cent.

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The limit for tax exemption on **leave encashment** on retirement of non-government salaried employees to increase to **Rs. 25 lakh**.

The new income tax regime to be made the **default tax regime**. However, citizens will continue to have the option to avail the benefit of the old tax regime.

Enhanced limits for micro enterprises and certain professionals for availing the benefit of presumptive taxation proposed. Increased limit to apply only in case the amount or aggregate of the amounts received during the year, in cash, does not exceed five per cent of the total gross receipts/turnover.

Deduction for expenditure incurred on payments made to MSMEs to be allowed only when payment is actually made in order to support MSMEs in timely receipt of payments.

New co-operatives that commence manufacturing activities till 31.3.2024 to get the **benefit of a lower tax rate** of 15 per cent, as presently available to new manufacturing companies.

Opportunity provided to sugar co-operatives to claim payments made to sugarcane farmers for the period prior to assessment year 2016-17 as expenditure. This expected to provide them a relief of almost Rs. 10,000 crore.

Provision of **higher limit of Rs. 2 lakh per member** for cash deposits to and loans in cash by Primary Agricultural Co-operative Societies (PACS) and Primary Co-operative Agriculture and Rural Development Banks (PCARDBs).

Higher limit of Rs. 3 crore for TDS on cash withdrawal to be provided to co-operative societies.

Date of incorporation for income tax benefits to start-ups to be **extended** from 31.03.23 to 31.3.24.

Proposal to provide the benefit of carry forward of losses on change of shareholding of start-ups from seven years of incorporation to ten years.

Deduction from capital gains on investment in residential house under sections 54 and 54F to be capped at Rs. 10 crore for better targeting of tax concessions and exemptions.

Proposal to **limit income tax exemption** from proceeds of **insurance policies with very high value**. Where aggregate of premium for life insurance policies (other than ULIP) issued on or after 1st April, 2023 is above Rs. 5 lakh, income from only those policies with aggregate premium up to Rs. 5 lakh shall be exempt.

Income of authorities, boards and commissions set up by statutes of the Union or State for the purpose of housing, development of cities, towns and villages, and regulating, or regulating and developing an activity or matter, proposed to be exempted from income tax.

Minimum threshold of Rs. 10,000/- for **TDS to be removed** and taxability relating to online gaming to be clarified. Proposal to provide for TDS and taxability on net winnings at the time of withdrawal or at the end of the financial year.

Conversion of gold into electronic gold receipt and vice versa not to be treated as capital gain.

TDS rate to be reduced from 30 per cent to 20 per cent on taxable portion of EPF withdrawal in non-PAN cases.

SUBSTANTIAL RELIEF IN PERSONAL INCOME TAX

CHANGE OF TAX STRUCTURE IN NEW PERSONAL INCOME TAX REGIME:

- Tax slabs reduced to 5
- Tax exemption limit increased to ₹3 lakh

Tax Slab (in lakh)	Tax Rate (in %)
0-3	Nil
3-6	5
6-9	10
9-12	15
12-15	20
Above 15	30

UNION BUDGET 2023-24

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Income from Market Linked Debentures to be taxed.

Deployment of about 100 Joint Commissioners for disposal of small appeals in order to reduce the pendency of appeals at Commissioner level.

Increased selectivity in taking up appeal cases for scrutiny of returns already received this year.

Period of **tax benefits** to funds relocating to **IFSC, GIFT City** extended till 31.03.2025.

Certain acts of omission of liquidators under section 276A of the Income Tax Act to be **decriminalized** with effect from 1st April, 2023.

Carry forward of losses on strategic disinvestment including that of IDBI Bank to be allowed

Agniveer Fund to be provided **EEE status**. The payment received from the Agniveer Corpus Fund by the Agniveers enrolled in Agnipath Scheme, 2022 proposed to be exempt from taxes. Deduction in the computation of total income is proposed to be allowed to the Agniveer on the contribution made by him or the Central Government to his Seva Nidhi account.

Proposals for Indirect Taxes

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Indirect Tax Proposals

Green Mobility:

- To exempt excise duty on GST-paid compressed bio gas

Electronics:

- To provide relief in customs duty on import of certain parts of mobile phones
- To reduce basic customs duty on parts of open cells of TV panels to 2.5%

Electricals:

- To increase basic customs duty on electric kitchen chimney from 7.5% to 15%
- To reduce basic customs duty on chimney heat coils from 20% to 15%

Chemicals and Petrochemicals:

- To exempt basic customs duty on chemicals and petrochemicals
- To reduce basic customs duty on acid grade fluorspar and crude glycerine to 2.5%

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Number of basic customs duty rates on goods, other than textiles and agriculture, reduced to 13 from 21.

Minor changes in the basic custom duties, cesses and surcharges on some items including toys, bicycles, automobiles and naphtha.

Excise duty exempted on **GST-paid compressed bio gas** contained in blended compressed natural gas.

Customs Duty on specified capital goods/machinery for manufacture of **lithium-ion cell for use in battery of electrically operated vehicle (EVs)** extended to 31.03.2024

Customs duty exempted on vehicles, specified automobile parts/components, sub-systems and tyres when imported by notified testing agencies, for the purpose of testing and/ or certification, subject to conditions.

Customs duty on **camera lens and its inputs/parts** for use in manufacture of camera module of cellular mobile phone **reduced to zero** and concessional duty on lithium-ion cells for batteries extended for another year.

Basic customs duty reduced on **parts of open cells of TV panels** to 2.5 per cent.

Basic customs duty on **electric kitchen chimney** increased to 15 per cent from 7.5 per cent.

Basic customs duty on **heat coil for manufacture of electric kitchen chimneys** reduced to 15 per cent from 20 per cent.

Denatured ethyl alcohol used in chemical industry exempted from basic customs duty.

Basic customs duty reduced on **acid grade fluorspar** (containing by weight more than 97 per cent of calcium fluoride) to 2.5 per cent from 5 per cent.

Basic customs duty on **crude glycerin** for use in manufacture of epichlorohydrin reduced to 2.5 per cent from 7.5 per cent.

Duty reduced on key inputs for domestic manufacture of **shrimp feed**.

Basic customs duty reduced on seeds used in the manufacture of **lab grown diamonds**.

Duties on articles made from **dore and bars of gold and platinum** increased.

Import duty on **silver dore, bars and articles** increased.

Basic Customs Duty exemption on raw materials for manufacture of CRGO Steel, ferrous scrap and nickel cathode continued.

Concessional BCD of 2.5 per cent on copper scrap is continued.

Basic customs duty rate on **compounded rubber** increased to 25 per cent from 10 per cent or 30 per kg whichever is lower.

National Calamity Contingent Duty (NCCD) on **specified cigarettes** revised upwards by about 16 per cent.

Legislative Changes in Customs Laws

Customs Act, 1962 to be amended to specify a time limit of nine months from date of filing application for passing final order by Settlement Commission.

Customs Tariff Act to be amended to clarify the intent and scope of provisions relating to Anti-Dumping Duty (ADD), Countervailing Duty (CVD), and Safeguard Measures.

CGST Act to be amended

- to raise the **minimum threshold of tax amount** for launching prosecution under GST from one crore to two crore;
- to reduce the **compounding amount** from the present range of 50 to 150 per cent of tax amount to the range of 25 to 100 per cent;
- **decriminalise certain offences**;
- to **restrict filing of returns/statements** to a maximum period of three years from the due date of filing of the relevant return/statement; and
- to enable unregistered suppliers and composition taxpayers to make intra-state supply of goods through E-Commerce Operators (ECOs).