

Inflation falls but not unemployment

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Context

- At less than 3%, the inflation figure for May is well within the target set by the government of India. This has led to a celebration in the media of the Reserve Bank of India's prowess in macroeconomic management.
- While year-on-year **inflation fell from 3.2% in April to 2.8% in May,** the latest Periodic Labour Force Survey shows that the **unemployment rate rose from 5.1% in April to 5.8% in May.**
- For those employed, a reduction in inflation is good news
- But for those seeking employment, it makes no difference. They remain unemployed.
- Monetary Policy Committee meeting, **RBI Governor expressed willingness to lower repo rate again if inflation continues to decline.**

NAIRU (Non-Accelarating Inflation Rate of Unemployment)

- NAIRU, or the Non-Accelerating Inflation Rate of Unemployment, is the **level of unemployment below which** the rate of inflation is expected to rise
- The Non-Accelerating Inflation Rate of Unemployment (NAIRU) for India is estimated to be around 6.06%, according to some research
- This means that if the unemployment rate in India falls below this level, it is likely to put upward pressure on inflation
- Conversely, if unemployment is above this level, it would likely cause inflation to slow down or decrease

