



KAMARAJ IAS ACADEMY
Only IAS Academy by Grandson of "Perunthalaivar Kamarajar"

Map Of The Day 09-05-26

Published On: 09-05-2026

Kamaraj IAS Academy

Plot A P.127, AF block, 6 th street, 11th Main Rd, Shanthi Colony, Anna Nagar, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600040

Phone: **044 4353 9988 / 98403 94477** / Whatsapp : **09710729833**



KAMARAJ IAS ACADEMY

MAP OF THE DAY WORLD

CONTACT US

+91 9840394477 | kamarajiasacademy@gmail.com | www.kamarajiasacademy.com

KAMARAJ K
HONORARY DIRECTOR



Saturday, 09 May 2026



Aral Sea

Introduction

- The **Aral Sea** is a massive **inland lake** located in **Central Asia**.
- It is mainly situated between **Kazakhstan** and **Uzbekistan**.
- It was once considered the **fourth-largest lake in the world**.
- The **Amu Darya** and **Syr Darya** rivers used to supply water to it.
- Most of the sea has dried up due to excessive **irrigation projects**.

Geographical Location

- The **Aral Sea** is located in the **arid region** of Central Asia.
- **Kazakhstan** lies to its north and **Uzbekistan** to its south.
- It is situated to the east of the **Caspian Sea**.
- It is part of an **endorheic basin** where water does not reach the ocean.
- It is located approximately **between 43°N to 47°N latitude and 58°E to 62°E longitude**.

Northern Geographical Features

- The **Kazakh Steppe region** lies to the north of the Aral Sea.
- This region is famous for its vast **grasslands**.
- It experiences a **continental climate**.
- **Animal husbandry** is the major economic activity in

- Winters are extremely cold while summers are hot.

Southern Geographical Features

- The **Kyzylkum Desert** lies to the south of the Aral Sea.
- The term **Kyzylkum** means **“Red Sand Desert.”**
- It extends across **Uzbekistan** and **Kazakhstan**.
- The region contains deposits of **gold, uranium, and copper**.
- It is characterized by an extremely **arid and desert climate**.

Eastern Geographical Features

- The **Tian Shan Mountains** lie to the east of the Aral Sea.
- The term **Tian Shan** means **“Heavenly Mountains.”**
- These mountains are rich in **glaciers**.
- The **Syr Darya River** originates from this region.
- These mountains play an important role in the **water supply** of Central Asia.

South-Eastern Geographical Features

- The **Pamir Mountains** lie to the south-east of the Aral Sea.
- The **Pamir Mountains** are known as the **“Roof of the World.”**
- This is a high mountainous and **snow-covered region**.
- The **Amu Darya River** originates from this region.
- This area is a major source of **water resources** in

Kamaraj IAS Academy

Plot A.P.127, AF block, 6th street, 11th Main Rd, Shanthi Colony, Anna Nagar, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600040

Phone: 044 4353 9988 / 98403 94477 / Whatsapp : 09710729833



KAMARAJ IAS ACADEMY

MAP OF THE DAY BHARAT

CONTACT US

+91 9840394477 | kamarajiasacademy@gmail.com | www.kamarajiasacademy.com

KAMARAJ K
HONORARY DIRECTOR



Saturday, 09 May 2026



Vansda National Park

Introduction

- **Vansda National Park** is an important protected forest area located in the **Navsari district** of Gujarat.
- The national park was established in the year **1979**.
- It covers a total area of about **24 square kilometers**.
- The park is famous for its dense **deciduous forests** and rich **biodiversity**.
- It is considered one of the important **wildlife conservation areas** of western India.

Geographical Location

- **Vansda National Park** is located in the southern part of **Gujarat**.
- It is situated near the town of **Waghai** in Navsari district.
- This region falls under the influence zone of the northern extension of the **Western Ghats**.
- The park lies at an elevation of about **110 to 360 meters above sea level**.
- Its geographical area is surrounded by dense forests, small hills, and river valleys.

Southern Geographical Features

- Dense forests of the **Dang region** are located to the south of the park.
- This region is famous for its **tribal culture** and natural resources.
- Hilly landforms of the **Western Ghats** are developed in the southern direction.
- The area is highly rich in **biodiversity**.
- The southern region acts as a natural **wildlife corridor** for

animal movement.

Relief and Topography

- The terrain of **Vansda National Park** is mainly hilly and undulating.
- Small valleys and streams are developed in this region.
- The soil of the area is mainly of **red** and **laterite** type.
- Dense forests have developed because of the favorable topography.
- The region plays an important role in **water conservation and soil erosion control**.

Drainage System

- The **Ambika River** is the major river of this national park.
- The river plays an important role in maintaining the ecology of the region.
- Several small seasonal streams are also found inside the park.
- The drainage system becomes highly active during the **monsoon season**.
- Rivers and streams act as major water sources for wildlife.

Wildlife

- The **leopard** is the major predator found in **Vansda National Park**.
- **Hyenas** and **sambar deer** are also found in this region.
- The park is home to the **four-horned antelope**.
- Numerous bird species enrich the biodiversity of the area.
- The park serves as an important habitat for wildlife in western India.

Kamaraj IAS Academy

Plot A P.127, AF block, 6 th street, 11th Main Rd, Shanthi Colony, Anna Nagar, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600040

Phone: **044 4353 9988 / 98403 94477 / Whatsapp : 09710729833**