

General Studies Paper VI

Syllabus

This paper will include questions to test the candidates' attitude and approach to issues relating to integrity, probity in public life and his problem-solving approach to various issues and conflicts faced by him in dealing with society. Questions may utilise the case study approach to determine these aspects. The following broad areas will be covered

- Ethics and Human Interface: Essence, determinants and consequences of Ethics in-human actions; dimensions of ethics; ethics - in private and public relationships.
- Human Values - lessons from the lives and teachings of great leaders, reformers and administrators; role of family society and educational institutions in inculcating values.
- Attitude: content, structure, function; its influence and relation with thought and behaviour; moral and political attitudes; social influence and persuasion.
- Aptitude and foundational values for Civil Service, integrity, impartiality and non-partisanship, objectivity, dedication to public service, empathy, tolerance and compassion towards the weaker-sections.
- Emotional intelligence-concepts, and their utilities and application in administration and governance.
- Contributions of moral thinkers and philosophers from India and world.
- Public/Civil service values and Ethics in Public administration: Status and problems; ethical concerns and dilemmas in government and private institutions; laws, rules, regulations and conscience as sources of ethical guidance; accountability and ethical governance; strengthening of ethical and moral values in governance; ethical issues in international relations and funding; corporate governance.
- Probity in Governance: Concept of public service; Philosophical basis of governance and probity; Information sharing and transparency in government, Right to Information, Codes of Ethics, Codes of Conduct, Citizen's Charters, Work culture, Quality of service delivery, Utilization of public funds, challenges of corruption.
- Case Studies on above issues.

Year-wise Ethics PYQ Analysis

Syllabus	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
1. Ethics and Human Interface: Essence, Determinants and Consequences of Ethics in - Human Actions; Dimensions of Ethics; Ethics - in Private and Public Relationships.	5	4	2	1	4	2		3	1	3	1	5	2	33
2. Human Values: Lessons from the Lives and Teachings of Great Leaders, Reformers and Administrators; Role of family society and educational institutions in inculcating values.		3	1	1	1			3			2		1	12
3. Attitude: Content, Structure, Function; its Influence and Relation with Thought and Behaviour; Moral and Political Attitudes; Social Influence and Persuasion.		1	1	3	2			2	1	2	1	1	2	16
4. Emotional intelligence-concepts, and their utilities and application in administration and governance.	1				1		1	1	1		1			6
5. Contributions of Moral Thinkers and Philosophers from India and World	3		2	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	32
6. Aptitude and Foundational Values for Civil Service, Integrity, Impartiality and Non-partisanship, Objectivity, Dedication to Public Service, Empathy, Tolerance and compassion towards weaker-sections	1	1	1	1	1	2			4	1				12
7. Public/Civil Service Values and Ethics in Public Administration: Status and Problems; Ethical Concerns and Dilemmas in Government and Private Institutions; Laws, Rules, Regulations and Conscience as Sources of Ethical Guidance; Accountability and Ethical Governance; Strengthening of Ethical and Moral Values in Governance; ethical Issues in International Relations and Funding; Corporate Governance	2	1	3	3	3	4	5	1	3	3	4	3	3	38
8. Probity in Governance: Concept of Public Service; Philosophical Basis of Governance and Probity; Information Sharing and Transparency in Government, Right to information; Codes of Ethics, Codes of Conduct, Citizen's		3	2	1		2	4			1	1	1	2	17

<i>Charters, Work Culture, Quality of Service Delivery, utilization of Public Funds, Challenges of Corruption.</i>														
<i>Grand Total</i>	12	13	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	166



Ethics and Human Interface: Essence, Determinants and Consequences of Ethics in - Human Actions; Dimensions of Ethics; Ethics - in Private and Public Relationships.

Themes	PYQs	Year
Essence of Ethics	1. Distinguish between laws and rules. Discuss the role of ethics in formulating them.	2020
	2. It is often said that ‘politics’ and ‘ethics’ do not go together. What is your opinion in this regard? Justify your answer with illustrations.	2013
Determinants of Ethics	1. “The concept of Just and Unjust is contextual. What was just a year back, may turn out to be unjust in today’s context. Changing context should be constantly under scrutiny to prevent miscarriage of justice.” Examine the above statement with suit-able examples.	2024
	2. “Ethics encompasses several key dimensions that are crucial in guiding individuals and organizations towards morally responsible behaviour.” Explain the key dimensions of ethics that influence human actions Discuss how these dimensions shape ethical decision-making in the professional context.	2024
	3. Without commonly shared and widely entrenched moral values and obligations, neither the law, nor democratic government, nor even the market economy will function properly. What do you understand by this statement? Explain with illustration in contemporary times.	2017
	4. Some people feel that values keep changing with time and situation, while others strongly believe that there are certain universal and eternal human values. Give your perception in this regard with due justification.	2013
Normative Ethics	1. With regard to morality of actions, one view is that means are of paramount importance and the other view is that the ends justify the means. Which view do you think is more appropriate? Justify your answer.	2018
	2. Human beings should always be treated as ‘ends’ in themselves and never as merely ‘means’. Explain the meaning and significance of this statement, giving its implications in the modern techno-economic society.	2014
Consequences of Ethics	1. It is believed that adherence to ethics in human actions would ensure in smooth functioning of an organization/system. If so, what does ethics seek to promote in human life? How do ethical values assist in the resolution of conflicts faced by him in his day-to-day functioning?	2022

	2. Discuss the role of ethics and values in enhancing the following three major components of Comprehensive National Power (CNP) viz. human capital, soft power (culture and policies), and social harmony.	2020
	3. Increased national wealth did not result in equitable distribution of its benefits. It has created only some “enclaves of modernity and prosperity for a small minority at the cost of the majority.” Justify.	2017
	4. Explain how ethics contributes to social and human well-being.	2016
	5. Current society is plagued with widespread trust-deficit. What are the consequences of this situation for personal well-being and for societal well-being? What can you do at the personal level to make yourself trustworthy?	2014
Technological Ethics	1. In the present digital age, social media has revolutionised our way of communication and interaction. However, it has raised several ethical issues and challenges. Describe the key ethical dilemmas in this regard.	2025
	2. The application of Artificial Intelligence as a dependable source of input for administrative rational decision-making is a debatable issue. Critically examine the statement from the ethical point of view.	2024
	3. Online methodology is being used for day-to-day meetings, institutional approvals in the administration and for teaching and learning in education sector to the extent telemedicine in the health sector is getting popular with the approvals of the competent authority. No doubt it has advantages and disadvantages for both the beneficiaries and system at large. Describe and discuss the ethical issues involved in the use of online methods particularly to vulnerable sections of society.	2022
	4. Impact of digital technology as a reliable source of input for rational decision making is a debatable issue. Critically evaluate with a suitable example.	2021
	5. The current internet expansion has instilled a different set of cultural values which are in conflict with traditional values. Discuss.	2020
Environmental Ethics	1. Keeping the national security in mind, examine the ethical dilemmas related to controversies over environmental clearance of development projects in ecologically sensitive border areas in the country.	2025
	2. Global warming and climate change are the outcomes of human greed in the name of development, indicating the	2024

	direction in which extinction of organisms including human beings is heading towards loss of life on Earth. How do you put an end to this to protect life and bring equilibrium between the society and the environment?	
	3. Suppose the Government of India is thinking of constructing a dam in a mountain valley bound by forests and inhabited by ethnic communities. What rational policy should it resort to in dealing with unforeseen contingencies?	2018
	4. What is meant by 'environmental ethics? Why is it important to study? Discuss any one environmental issue from the viewpoint of environmental ethics.	2015
Ethics in Private and Public relationship	1. In the context of defence services, patriotism' demands readiness to even lay down one's life in protecting the nation. According to you, what does patriotism imply in everyday civil life? Explain with illustrations and justify your answer.	2014
	2. What does ethics seek to promote in human life? Why is it all the more important in public administration?	2014
	3. The good of an individual is contained in the good of all. What do you understand by this statement? How can this principle be implemented in public life?	2013
	4. What do you understand by 'Values' and 'Ethics'? In what way is it important to be ethical along with being professionally competent?	2013
Term Based	1. Differentiate 'moral intuition' from 'moral reasoning' with suitable examples.	2023
	2. Write short notes on the following in 30 words each: a) Constitutional morality b) Conflict of interest c) Probity in public life d) Challenges of digitalization e) Devotion to duty.	2022
	3. Examine the relevance of the following in the context of civil service: a) Transparency b) Accountability c) Fairness and justice d) Courage of conviction e) Spirit of service.	2017
	4. Differentiate between the following (200 words); a) Law and Ethics b) Ethical management and Management of ethics c) Discrimination and Preferential treatment d) Personal ethics and Professional ethics.	2015
	5. What do you understand by the following terms in the context of public service? a) Integrity b) Perseverance c) Spirit of service d) Commitment e) Courage of conviction f) Personal opinion.	2013

Human Values: Lessons from the Lives and Teachings of Great Leaders, Reformers and Administrators; Role of family society and educational institutions in inculcating values.

Themes	PYQs	Year
Crisis of Ethical Values	1. “Corruption is the manifestation of the failure of core values in the society.” In your opinion, what measures can be adopted to uplift the core values in the society?	2023
	2. The crisis of ethical values in modern times is traced to a narrow perception of the good life. Discuss.	2017
	3. We are witnessing increasing instances of sexual violence against women in the country. Despite existing legal provisions against it, the number of such incidences is on the rise. Suggest some innovative measures to tackle this menace.	2014
Role of Educational institutions	1. “Education is not an injunction, it is an effective and pervasive tool for all-round development of an individual and social transformation”. Examine the New Education Policy, 2020 (NEP, 2020) in light of the above statement.	2020
Teachings of Great Leaders	1. What are the major teachings of Mahavir? Explain their relevance in the contemporary world.	2025
	2. What were the major teachings of Guru Nanak? Explain their relevance in the contemporary world.	2023
	3. What are the main factors responsible for gender inequality in India? Discuss the contribution of Savitribai Phule in this regard.	2020
	4. What teachings of Buddha are most relevant today and why? Discuss.	2020
	5. “Great ambition is the passion of a great character. Those endowed with it may perform very good or very bad acts. All depends on the principles which direct them.” – Napoleon Bonaparte. Stating examples mention the rulers i) who have harmed society and country, ii) who worked for the development of society and country.	2017
	6. Discuss Mahatma Gandhi’s concept of seven sins.	2016
	7. Which eminent personality has inspired you the most in the context of ethical conduct in life? Give the gist of his/her teachings giving specific examples, describe how you have been able to apply these teachings for your own ethical	2014

	development.	
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Attitude: Content, Structure, Function; its Influence and Relation with Thought and Behaviour; Moral and Political Attitudes; Social Influence and Persuasion.

Themes	PYQs	Year
Attitude for civil servants	1. To achieve holistic development goals, a civil servant acts as an enabler and active facilitator of growth rather than a regulator. What specific measures would you suggest achieving this goal?	2025
	2. Mindless addiction to Form, ignoring the Substance of the matter, results in rendering of injustice. A perceptive civil servant is one who ignores such literalness and carries out true intent. Examine the above statement with suitable illustrations.	2024
	3. The Rules and Regulations provided to all the civil servants are same, yet there is difference in the performance. Positive minded officers are able to interpret the Rules and Regulations in favour of the case and achieve success, whereas negative-minded officers are unable to achieve goals by interpreting the same Rules and Regulations against the case. Discuss with illustrations.	2022
	4. Attitude is an important component that goes as input in the development of human beings. How to build a suitable attitude needed for a public servant?	2021
	5. A positive attitude is considered to be an essential characteristic of a civil servant who is often required to function under extreme stress. What contributes to a positive attitude in person.?	2020
	6. Our attitudes towards life, work, other people and society are generally shaped. 7. unconsciously by the family and social surroundings in which we grow up. Some of these unconsciously acquired attitudes and values are often undesirable in the citizens of modern democratic and egalitarian society. (a) Discuss such undesirable values prevalent in today's educated Indians. (b) How can such undesirable attitudes be changed and socio-ethical values be cultivated in the aspiring and serving civil servants?	2016
	8. Two different kinds of attitudes exhibited by public servants	201

	towards their work have been identified as the bureaucratic attitude and the democratic attitude. a) Distinguish between these two terms and write their merits and demerits. b) Is it possible to balance the two to create a better administration for the faster development of our country?	5
Attitude for individuals	1. Hatred is destructive of a person's wisdom and conscience that can poison a nation's spirit. Do you agree with this view? Justify your answer	2020
	2. Anger is a harmful negative emotion. It is injurious to both personal life and work life. (a) Discuss how it leads to negative emotions and undesirable behaviors. (b) How can it be managed and controlled?	2016
	3. What factors affect the formation of a person's attitude towards social problems? In our society, contrasting attitudes are prevalent about many social problems. What contrasting attitudes do you notice about the caste system in our society? How do you explain the existence of these contrasting attitudes?	2014
Moral and political attitude	1. Young people with ethical conduct are not willing to come forward to join active politics. Suggest steps to motivate them to come forward.	2017
Organisational attitude	1. In the context of work environment, differentiate between 'coercion' and 'undue influence' with suitable examples.	2023
	2. Discipline generally implies following the order and subordination. However, it may be counter-productive for the organisation. Discuss.	2017
Social influence and persuasion	1. "For any kind of social re-engineering by successfully implementing welfare schemes, a civil servant must use reason and critical thinking in an ethical framework." Justify this statement with suitable examples.	2025
	2. How could social influence and persuasion contribute to the success of Swachh Bharat Abhiyan?	2016

Aptitude and Foundational Values for Civil Service, Integrity, Impartiality and Non-partisanship, Objectivity, Dedication to Public Service, Empathy, Tolerance and compassion towards weaker-sections.

Themes	PYQs	Year
Empathy and Compassion	1. Apart from intellectual competency and moral qualities, empathy and compassion are some of the other vital attributes that facilitate the civil servants to be more competent in tackling the crucial issues or taking critical decisions. Explain with suitable illustrations.	2022
Foundational values	1. Identify five ethical traits on which one can plot the performance of a civil servant. Justify their inclusion in the matrix.	2021
	2. Identify ten essential values that are needed to be an effective public servant. Describe the ways and means to prevent non-ethical behaviour in public servants.	2021
	3. What do you understand by the term 'public servant'? Reflect on the expected role of a public servant.	2019
	4. What are the basic principles of public life? Illustrate any three of these with suitable examples.	2019
	5. State the three basic values, universal in nature, in the context of civil services and bring out their importance.	2018
	6. Indicate two more attributes which you consider important for public service. Justify your answer.	2013
Impartiality and Non-Partisanship	1. Should impartial and being non-partisan be considered indispensable qualities to make a successful civil servant? Discuss with illustrations.	2021
	2. Why should impartiality and non-partisanship be considered as foundational values in public services, especially in the present-day socio-political context? Illustrate your answer with examples.	2016
Integrity	1. "Integrity is a value that empowers the human being". Justify with suitable illustration.	2021
	2. One of the tests of integrity is complete refusal to be compromised. Explain with reference to a real-life example.	2017
	3. Integrity without knowledge is weak and useless, but knowledge without integrity is dangerous and dreadful. What do you understand by this statement? Explain your stand with illustrations from the modern context.	2014

	4. In looking for people to hire, you look for three qualities: integrity, intelligence and energy. And if they do not have the first, the other two will you. - Warren Buffett. What do you understand by this statement in the present-day scenario? Explain.	2018
Trustworthiness	1. How do the virtues of trustworthiness and fortitude get manifested in public service? Explain with examples.	2015

Emotional intelligence-concepts, and their utilities and application in administration and governance.

Themes	PYQs	Year
Emotional intelligence vs Intelligent quotient	1. What really matters for success, character, happiness and lifelong achievements is a definite set of emotional skills – your EQ- not just purely cognitive abilities that are measured by conventional IQ tests.” Do you agree with this view ? Give reasons in support of your answer.	2023
Emotional intelligence concept and utility	1. What are the main components of emotional intelligence (EI)? Can they be learned? discuss.	2020
	2. “Emotional Intelligence is the ability to make your emotions work for you instead of against you.” Do you agree with this view? Discuss.	2019
	3. What is ‘emotional intelligence’ and how can it be developed in people? How does it help an individual in taking ethical decisions?	2013
Emotional intelligence and crisis of conscience	1. In case of a crisis of conscience does emotional intelligence help to overcome the same without compromising the ethical and moral stand that you are likely to follow? Critically examine.	2021
Emotional intelligence in administration	1. How will you apply emotional intelligence in administrative practices?	2017

Contributions of Moral Thinkers and Philosophers from India and World

<i>Themes</i>	<i>PYQs</i>	<i>Year</i>
Kautilya	1. Corruption causes misuse of government treasury, Administrative inefficiency and obstruction in the path of national Development. Discuss Kautilya's views.	2016
Tirukkural	1. "Those who in trouble untroubled are, Will trouble trouble itself." – Thiruvalluvar	2025
	2. Falsehood takes the place of truth when it results in unblemished common good. -Tirukkural	2018
Jawaharlal Nehru	1. "To awaken the people, it is the women who must be awakened. Ones she is on the move, the family moves, the village moves, the nation moves." – Jawaharlal Nehru	2023
Swami Vivekananda	1. "The strength of a society is not in its laws, but in the morality of its people." – Swami Vivekananda	2025
	2. "Learn everything that is good from others, but bring it in, and in your own way absorb it, do not become others." — Swami Vivekananda	2024
	3. Do not hate anybody, because that hatred that comes out from you must, in the long run, come back to you. If you love, that love will come back to you, completing the circle." – Swami Vivekanand.	2023
	4. "Every work has got to pass through hundreds of difficulties before succeeding. Those that persevere will see the light, sooner or later" – Swami Vivekananda	2021
	5. "Condemn none: if you can stretch out a helping hand do so. If not fold your hands, bless your brothers and let them go their own way." – Swami Vivekanand	2020
Mahatma Gandhi	1. "The simplest acts of kindness are by far more powerful than a thousand heads bowing in prayer." – Mahatma Gandhi	2023
	2. "The best way to find yourself is to lose yourself in service of others ." Mahatma Gandhi	2020
	3. "A man is but the product of his thoughts. What he thinks, he becomes." – M.K.Gandhi	2019
	4. Anger and intolerance are the enemies of correct understanding. -Mahatma Gandhi	2018
	5. "The weak can never forgive; forgiveness is the attribute of the strong."	2015
	6. There is enough on this earth for every one's need but for no one's greed. Mahatma Gandhi.	2013
Sardar Patel	1. "Faith is of no avail in the absence of strength. Faith and strength, both are essential to accomplish any great work." — Sardar Patel	2024

A.P.J. Abdul Kalam	1. "If a country is to be corruption free and become a nation of beautiful minds, I strongly feel there are three key societal members who can make a difference. They are the father, the mother and the teacher." – Abdul Kalam.	2022
	2. "Where there is righteousness in the heart, there is beauty in the character. When there is beauty in the character, there is harmony in the home. When there is harmony in the home, there is order in the nation. When there is order in the nation, there is peace in the world."	2019
	3. "If a country is to be corruption free and become a nation of beautiful minds, I strongly feel there are three key societal members who can make a difference. they are father, the mother and the teacher." – A. P. J. Abdul Kalam. Analyse.	2017
Dalai Lama	1. "Judge your success by what you had to give up in order to get it." Dalai Lama.	2022
	2. "We can never obtain peace in the outer world until and unless we obtain peace within ourselves"	2021
Socrates	1. "A system of morality which is based on relative emotional values is a mere illusion, a thoroughly vulgar conception which has nothing sound in it and nothing true." – Socrates.	2020
Plato	1. We can easily forgive a child who is afraid of the dark; the real tragedy of life is when men are afraid of the light.	2015
Aristotle	1. I count him braver who overcomes his desires than him who overcomes his enemies. —Aristotle	2013
Abraham Lincoln	1. The true rule, in determining to embrace, or reject anything, is not whether it has any evil in it; but whether it has more evil than good. There are few things wholly evil or wholly good. Almost everything, especially of governmental policy, is an inseparable compound of the two; so that our best judgement of the preponderance between them is continually demand. - Abraham Lincoln.	2018
	2. Nearly all men can withstand adversity, but if you want to test a man's character, give him power. —Abraham Lincoln	2013
Erik Erikson	1. "Life doesn't make any sense without interdependence. We need each other, and the sooner we learn that it is better for us all" – Erik Erikson	2021
Immanuel Kant	1. "In law, a man is guilty when he violates the rights of others. In ethics, he is guilty if he only thinks of doing so." — Immanuel Kant	2024
John Rawls	1. Analyse John Rawls's concept of social justice in the Indian context.	2016
Potter Stewart	1. Ethics is knowing the difference between what you have the right to do and what is right to do.'-Potter Stewart .	2022
William James	1. "The greatest discovery of my generation is that a human being can alter his life by altering his attitudes." – William James	2025

Public/Civil Service Values and Ethics in Public Administration: Status and Problems; Ethical Concerns and Dilemmas in Government and Private Institutions; Laws, Rules, Regulations and Conscience as Sources of Ethical Guidance; Accountability and Ethical Governance; Strengthening of Ethical and Moral Values in Governance; ethical Issues in International Relations and Funding; Corporate Governance.

Themes	PYQs	Year
Public/Civil Service Values	1. “One who is devoted to one’s duty attains highest perfection in life.” Analyse this statement with reference to sense of responsibility and personal fulfilment as a civil servant.	2025
	2. “Non-performance of duty by a public servant is a form of corruption” Do you agree with this view? Justify your answer.	2019
	3. In doing a good thing, everything is permitted which is not prohibited expressly or by clear implication. Examine the statement with suitable examples in the context of a public servant discharging his/her duties.	2018
	4. What is meant by public interest? What are the principles and procedures to be followed by the civil servants in public interest?	2018
	5. Max Weber said that it is not wise to apply to public administration the sort of moral and ethical norms we apply to matters of personal conscience. It is important to realise that the State bureaucracy might possess its own independent bureaucratic morality. Critically analyse this statement.	2016
Ethical dilemmas in Public Administration	1. Besides domain knowledge, a public official needs innovativeness and creativity of a high order as well, while resolving ethical dilemmas. Discuss with a suitable example.	2021
	2. Explain the process of resolving ethical dilemmas in Public Administration.	2018
Conflict of interest	1. What is meant by conflict of interest? Illustrate with examples, the difference between the actual and potential conflicts of interest.	2018
	2. Conflict of interest in the public sector arises when (a) official duties, (b) public interest, and (c) personal interest are taking priority one above the other. How can this conflict in administration be resolved? Describe with an example.	2017

	3. Public servants are likely to confront with the issues of 'Conflict of Interest'. What do you understand by the term 'Conflict of Interest' and how does it manifest in the decision making by public servants? If faced with the conflict of interest situation, how would you resolve it? Explain with the help of examples.	2015
Laws, Rules, Regulations and Conscience as Ethical Guidance	1. The soul of the new law, Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) is Justice, Equality and Impartiality based on Indian culture and ethos. Discuss this in the light of major shift from a doctrine of punishment to justice in the present judicial system.	2024
	2. Is conscience a more reliable guide when compared to laws, rules and regulations in the context of ethical decision making? Discuss.	2023
	3. What is meant by 'crisis of conscience'? How does it manifest itself in the public domain?	2019
	4. What is meant by constitutional morality? How does one uphold constitutional morality?	2019
	5. Law and ethics are considered to be the two tools for controlling human conduct so as to make it conducive to civilized social existence. (a) Discuss how they achieve this objective. (b) Giving examples, show how the two differ in their approaches.	2016
	6. A mere compliance with law is not enough, the public servant also has to have a well-developed sensibility to ethical issues for effective discharge of duties." Do you agree? Explain with the help of two examples, where (i) an act is ethically right, but not legally and (ii) an act is legally right, but not ethically.	2015
	7. What do you understand by the term 'voice of conscience'? How do you prepare yourself to heed to the voice of conscience?	2013
	8. What is meant by 'crisis of conscience'? Narrate one incident in your life when you were faced with such a crisis and how you resolved the same.	2013
Accountability and Ethical Governance	1. "Constitutional morality is not a natural sentiment but a product of civil education and adherence of the rule of law." Examine the significance of constitutional morality for public servant highlighting the role in promoting good governance	2025

	and ensuring accountability in public administration.	
	2. Explain the term social capital. How does it enhance good governance?	2023
	3. What do you understand by term 'good governance'? How far recent initiatives in terms of e-Governance steps taken by the State have helped the beneficiaries? Discuss with suitable examples.	2022
	4. An independent and empowered social audit mechanism is an absolute must in every sphere of public service, including the judiciary, to ensure performance, accountability and ethical conduct. Elaborate.	2021
	5. What do you understand by the terms 'governance', 'good governance' and 'ethical governance'?	2016
Ethical Issues in International Relations and funding	1. Carl von Clausewitz once said, "War is a diplomacy by other means." Critically analyse the above statement in the present context of contemporary geo-political conflict.	2025
	2. "It is not enough to talk about peace, one must believe in it; and it is not enough to believe in it, one must act upon it" In the present context, the major weapon industries of the developed nations are adversely influencing continuation of number of wars for their own self-interest, all around the world. What are the ethical considerations of the powerful nations in today's international arena to stop continuation of ongoing conflicts?	2024
	3. 'International aid' is an accepted form of helping 'resource-challenged' nations. Comment on 'ethics in contemporary international aid'. Support your answer with suitable examples.	2023
	4. Russia and Ukraine war has been going on for the last seven months. Different countries have taken independent stands and actions keeping in view their own national interests. We are all aware that war has its own impact on the different aspects of society, including human tragedy. What are those ethical issues that are crucial to be considered while launching the war and its continuation so far? Illustrate with justification the ethical issues involved in the given state of affair.	2022
	5. "Refugees should not be turned back to the country where they would face prosecution or human rights violation."	2021

	Examine the statement with reference to the ethical dimension being violated by the nation claiming to be democratic with an open society.	
	6. 'The will to power exists, but it can be tamed and be guided by rationality and principles of moral duty.' Examine this statement in the context of international relations.	2020
	7. Strength, peace and security are considered to be the pillars of international relations. Elucidate.	2017
	8. At the international level, the bilateral relations between most nations are governed on the policy of promoting one's own national interest without any regard for the interest of other nations. This leads to conflicts and tensions between the nations. How can ethical consideration help resolve such tensions? Discuss with specific examples.	2015
Corporate Governance	1. What do you understand by 'moral integrity' and 'professional efficiency' in the context of corporate governance in India ? Illustrate with suitable examples.	2023
	2. In contemporary world, corporate sector's contribution in generating wealth and employment is increasing. In doing so, they are bringing in unprecedented onslaught on the climate, environmental sustainability and living conditions of human beings. In this background, do you find that Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is efficient and sufficient enough to fulfill the social roles and responsibilities needed in the corporate world for which the CSR is mandated? Critically examine.	2022
	3. Corporate social responsibility makes companies more profitable and sustainable. Analyse.	2017

Probity in Governance: Concept of public service; Philosophical basis of governance and probity; Information sharing and transparency in government, Right to Information, Codes of Ethics, Codes of Conduct, Citizen's Charters, Work culture, Quality of service delivery, Utilization of public funds, challenges of corruption.

Themes	PYQs	Year
Probity in Governance	1. "In Indian culture and value system, an equal opportunity has been provided irrespective of gender identity. The number of women in public service has been steadily increasing over the years." Examine the gender specific challenges faced by female public servants and suggest to increase their efficiency in discharging their duties and maintaining high standards of probity.	2024
	2. 'Probity is essential for an effective system of governance and socio-economic development.' Discuss.	2023
	3. What do you understand by probity in governance? Based on your understanding of the term, suggest measures for ensuring probity in government.	2019
	4. What do you understand by 'probity' in public life? What are the difficulties in practicing it in the present times? How can these difficulties be overcome?	2014
Information Sharing and Transparency in Government, Right to information	1. There is a view that the official secrets act is an obstacle to the implementation of the Rights to Information act. Do you agree with the view? Discuss	2019
	2. The Right to Information Act is not all about citizens' empowerment alone, it essentially redefines the concept of accountability. Discuss.	2018
	3. Some recent developments such as introduction of RTI Act, media and judicial activism, etc., are proving helpful in bringing about greater transparency and accountability in the functioning of the government. However, it is also being observed that at times the mechanisms are misused. Another negative effect is that the officers are now afraid to take prompt decisions. Analyze this situation in detail and suggest how this dichotomy can be resolved. Suggest how these negative impacts can be minimized.	2015
	4. Today we find that in spite of various measures like prescribing codes of conduct, setting up vigilance cells/commissions, RTI, active media and strengthening of	2015

	legal mechanisms, corrupt practices are not coming under control. A) Evaluate the effectiveness of these measures with justifications. B) Suggest more effective strategies to tackle this menace.	
Codes of Ethics and Codes of Conduct	1. The 'Code of Conduct and 'Code of Ethics' are the sources of guidance in public administration. There is code of conduct already in operation, whereas code of ethics is not yet put in place. Suggest a suitable mode. for code of ethics to maintain integrity, probity and transparency. governance.	2024
	2. Distinguish between "Code of ethics" and "Code of conduct" with suitable examples.	2018
	3. Discuss the Public Services Code as recommended by the 2nd Administrative Re-forms Commission.	2016
Citizen's Charter	1. Explain the basic principles of citizens' charter movement and bring out its importance.	2019
Work Culture	1. It is said that for an ethical work culture, there must be code of ethics in place in every organisation. To ensure value-based and compliance-based work culture, what suitable measures would you adopt in your work place?	2025
Quality of Service Delivery	1. Mission Karmayogi is aiming for maintaining a very high standard of conduct and behaviour to ensure efficiency for serving citizens and in developing oneself. How will this scheme empower the civil servants in enhancing productive efficiency and delivering the services at the grassroots level?	2024
	2. Wisdom lies in knowing what to reckon with and what to overlook. An officer being engrossed with the periphery, ignoring the core issues before him, is no rare in the bureaucracy. Do you agree that such preoccupation of an administrator leads to travesty of justice to the cause of effective service delivery and good governance? Critically evaluate.	2022
Utilization of public funds	1. India is an emerging economic power of the world as it has recently secured the status of fourth largest economy of the world as per IMF projection. However, it has been observed that in some sectors, allocated funds remain either underutilised or misutilised. What specific measures would you recommend for ensuring accountability in this regard to stop leakages and gaining the	2025

	status of third largest economy of the world in near future?	
	2. Effective utilisation of public funds is crucial to meet development goals. Critically examine the reasons for under-utilization and misutilisation of public funds and their implications.	2019
	3. There is a heavy ethical responsibility on the public servants because they occupy positions of power, handle huge amounts of public funds, and their decisions have wide-ranging impact on society and environment. What steps have you taken to improve your ethical competence to handle such responsibility?	2014
Challenges of Corruption	1. Whistle blower, who reports corruption and illegal activities, wrongdoing and misconduct to the concerned authorities, runs the risk of being exposed to grave danger, physical harm and victimization by the vested interests, accused persons and his team. What policy measures would you suggest to strengthen protection mechanism to safeguard the whistle blower?	2022
	2. It is often said that poverty leads to corruption. However, there is no dearth of instances where affluent and powerful people indulge in corruption in a big way. What are the basic causes of corruption among people? Support your answer with examples.	2014

